

Walking Tours Through Historic Districts



- 1. West Side
- 2. Courthouse Square
- 3. North Washington
- 4. Prospect Hill
- 6. Cottage Grove
- 7. North Indiana
- Avenue
- 8. University Courts

Additional copies of the walking tour brochures are available at the Monroe County Historical Museum, the Department of Redevelopment, City of Bloomington or from Bloomington Restorations, Inc.

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Bloomington Restorations Inc.

A FOUNDATION FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION IN MONROE COUNTY P.O. Box 1522, BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA, 47402

June, 1992

The University Courts Historic District was nominated for list-ing in the National Register of Historic Flaces in June of 1992. More information on University Courts, and a copy of the Motonal Register nomination, may be found in the Indiana Room of the Monroe County Public Library.

Besides the men and women whose homes are described as part of their walking tour, other east, need men a Tribe Courts William Rawles, Dean of the School of Commerce and Finance; William Rawles, Dean of the School of Commerce and Finance; Mediane University Antheleo Director, Co., Clevergor, Joseph Indians University Antheleo Director, Co., Clevergor, Joseph and Agree Murre, of the Volume without Payer Company; Chrester and Agrees Wurre, of the Volume Williams, probability, widow of prominers Bloomington hawyer and stone man Phillip Court, W. Welstdri, and Kornery Pt.; Welstdri, and Kornery Pt.; Welstdri, and Kornery Pt. Welliams, pro-Bushing, and celebrated author of a five volume history of the CAvil Was, Lincoln Yinds a General.

In University Courts, a church and Creek houses were inter-spersed harmoniously with stage launty residencies, culproves and arnall apartment buildings. All were built at a controlable residential scale. The wealth of architectural styles, rich variety of building materials, brick end lineacone realisting walls, and Boomington's only remaining brick streets desire a charming and unique environment, a synthesis of "town and gown."

The Sigma Chi House, erected in 1906, is the only structure in the district that predates platfing of the seas. It was the first that the district that predates platfing of the seas. It was the first Creek Letter Societies were housed in University Ac unary so mingle-samily homes and were later used for Greek houses. Be single-samily homes and were later used for Greek houses. Be writted for use as offices by Indiana Intiversity, Much of the reported for use as offices by Indiana Intiversity, Much of the removement of the season of the season

The controlable, gradous plomes in "The Counte" were built by developers, limesfore men, others whose fortunes were made developers, limesfore men, others whose fortunes were the dara University's and industry, and by distinguished members of lind dara University's ademic community. The houses were constructed predominantly out of brick and, Georgian, Spanish movement is also evident throughout the district. The builders movement is also evident throughout the district. The builders were common, Several of the homes were designed by noted Bloomington actities of the homes were designed by noted Bloomington actities of the homes were designed and the state of the homes were designed the property of the homes were designed by noted Bloomington actities of the homes were designed. The comfortable, gracious homes in "The Courts" were built by

The University Courts Historic District is made up of four additions to the City of Bloomington, which were platted between 1911 and 1913. The land belonged to subcomey and present trafightorinood on the sits of the indiana University HFER building (the former Men's Cym).

University Courts

A Walk Through **University Courts Historic District**

Historic Tour Guide No. 8



Bloomington, Indiana

Please respect the privacy of the owners by viewing all listed buildings from the street.



1. Sigma Chi House 601 East Seventh 1906/1953

This two-and-one-half-story, limestone veneer, Georgian Revival house is distinguished by its large central portico, delicate entrance with elliptical fanlight transom, gambrel roof and pedimented attic dormers. Shown here in an early 1930s photograph, it was originally constructed in 1906.



2. University Lutheran Church 607 East Seventh 1932

Alfred Grindle, an English born architect, designed the "University Evangelical Lutheran Church," dedicated in 1932. This limestone veneer church has Gobtic Revival parapet gable ends, buttresses and a crenelated tower and Tudor Revival half-timbering.



3. 703 East Seventh ca. 1915

Louis Hughes, owner of the Hughes Brothers Lumber Co., built this impressive home for his family between 1911 and 1916. A three-story atrium tower with a fountain once graced the inside of this elegant structure, which features Crafstman style details—exposed roof rafters, locally quarried rock-faced limestone veneer and a colomaded sunroom. Hughes moved from the house, pictured here in the 1923 Indiana University yearbook the Arbutus, to make way for the Alpha Omicron Pi sorority in 1922.



4. 705 East Seventh

Attorney Thomas Sare, one of the original owners and developers of the neighborhood, lived in this Spanish Colonial Revival style house with his wife, Nettie, from 1916 until the mid-1920s. The Spanish Colonial style curvilinear gable with limestone vigas is combined with Craftsman style exposed roof rafters, two-toned brown tapestry brick and a basic bungalow form. This charming and eclectic bungalow became the home of Henry Lester Smith, dean of the Indiana University School of Education, and his wife, Johnne, in 1925.



5. 715 East Seventh ca. 1925

This Tudor Revival and Craftsman style house is the second house Louis Hughes built for himself in the district. The house is distinguished by the steep pitch and multiple gables of the Tudor Revival style, a limestone veneer facade, Craftsman style eave brackets and multi-paned sash, and a fanlight transom over the front door.



ca. 1925

Thomas and Nettie Sare moved to this Spanish Colonial Revival style house in 1925. The brown brick veneer is accented with limestone quoins, sills and lintels, some over round-arched windows. A colonnaded porch with exposed roof rafters and a limestone medallion in its east gable add interest to the house. This photograph was taken in the 1930s.



7. 825 East Eighth ca. 1922

Indiana University football coach Ewald "Jumbo" Stiehm was the Indiana University football coach Ewald "Jumbo" Stiehm was the first occupant of this brick Fraine style house. The wide overhanging eaves, grouped narrow windows, and horizontal orientation are characteristic of this style introduced by Midwest architect Frank Lloyd Wright.



8. Kappa Alpha Theta House 441 North Woodlawn ca. 1934

This limestone veneer, Tudor Revival style house has characteristic steeply pitched roofs, multiple gables, crenelated roof detail and multi-paned steel casement windows.

9. 812 East Eighth ca. 1922

Elizabeth Sage, Indiana University assistant professor of home economics and founder of the Elizabeth Sage Costume Collection, moved to this small wood frame cottage between 1922 and 1927. The costume collection she established contains articles of clothing from 1830 to the present.



10. 402 North Park ca. 1920

Fred and Anna Owens lived in this red brick Colonial Revival house in 1920. One year later, they were persuaded to sell it to the Delta Tau Delta fraternity. In 1931 the house, shown here in an early 1930s photograph, became the home of Circuit Court Judge James B. Wilson and his wife, Maude.



11. 409 North Park ca. 1928

Harry and Nova Vonderschmitt, owners of the Indiana Theater Harry and Nova Vonderschmitt, owners of the Indiana Theater, built this brick Tudor Revival cottage between 1927 and 1929. The two soon constructed and moved into a larger and grander version of this house in the newly fashionable Elm Heights neighborhood, a "palace" inspired by the movie sets in the films their theaters showed.



12. Feltus Duplexes 715–717 East Eighth 405–407 North Park ca. 1915 and ca. 1918

These matching brick and wood frame Craftsman style duplexes were built by Paul Feltus, who lived at 405 with his wife, Lucille. Wide overhanging eaves, exposed roof rafters and visible porch roof trusses are all characteristic of the Craftsman style. Feltus published the weekly Bloomington Star, as well as newsletters and trade journals. These duplexes were home to many Bloomington professionals and Indiana University professors.



13. Bowman Duplex 718–720 East Eighth 1923

owner of the Bowman Schwab limestone mill Herman Bowman, owner of the Bowman Schwab immestone mill on South Walmut Street, built this spacious duplex and moved ir with his wife, Elizabeth, in 1923. The solid construction displays such Craftsman style details as the use of local limestone and native hardwood framing, a cement tile roof and multi-paned



14. 712 East Eighth

Paul McNutt, dean of the Law School and later governor of Indiana (1933-1940), moved to this brick bungalow with his wife, Kathleen, between 1922 and 1925. In 1940 he was a contender first for president of the United States, then vice president, but instead accepted the post of high commissioner for the Philippines from President Truman and later became ambassador to the islands.



15. Ward Johnson House 707 East Eighth

Bloomington architect John Nichols designed this house for Ward Johnson, co-owner with brother Ellis Johnson of Johnson's Creamery. The brick veneer Colonial Revival house is shown here in a 1930s photograph.



16. 422 North Indiana ca. 1915

Wyatt Wicks, president of The Wicks Co. department store on the courthouse square, and his wife, Ida, lived here in 1916. By 1920 and throughout the 1930s, Thomas Karsell, of the Bloom-ington Milling Co., and his wife, Harriet, lived in this Dutch Colonial style limestone house with a gambrel, clay tile roof and Centermos ethic detail. Craftsman style details.



17. 502 North Indiana ca. 1915

Ed and Ella Williams built this large, wood frame American fou square house and were living here by 1916. Classical porch columns were added in the 1990s. Mr. Williams was the proprie of the Ed Williams Jewelry & Music Store at 115 North College.



18. Harlos Court Apartments 509-511 North Fe

Cecil and Inez Harlos designed and decorated this two-building complex in 1927. The contoured parapets, multi-paned casement windows and tiled roof sections characterize the Spanish Colonial style of these large multi-family brick dwellings.



19. 514 North Fess

This handsome brick dwelling was the home of many Indiana Inis nandsome brick dwelling was the nome or many induna University educators over the years. Dr. Beatrice Geiger and Dr. Una Robinson, both professors in the Indiana University Home Economics Department, were residents of the house from the 1940s until the 1980s. Multi-paned sash and diamond-paned transoms provide architectural interest.



20. 504 North Fess 506-508 North Fess 510-512 North Fess 1929 and 1931

William Book, an Indiana University psychology professor, and his wife, Clara, lived first at 506 in 1929 then at 504 from 1931 until the 1940s. This group of red brick, Tudor Revival and Craftsman style buildings are clustered nicely around a center courtyard. This romantic enclave is further unified by a distinctive of the court of the cou tive limestone and brick retaining wall with arched gateways. The south archway was fondly remembered by an alumnus as a "rendezvous for all the lovers of Indiana University for 50 years the place you went to spoon."



21, 422 North Fess ca. 1928

ca. 1928

Howard and Catherine Graves built this large limestone duplex between 1927 and 1929. Mr. Graves was the proprietor of a clothing store at 512 East Kirkwood. Preston Gilliat, proprietor of the Graham Hotel on the courthouse source, and his wife, Sara, lived here from the 1940s until the 1980s. This fine example of Georgian Revival architecture with its end gable returns and symmetrical composition holds a prominent corner location above the street with a limestone retaining wall.



22. Stith Thompson House 406 North Fess ca. 1915

This wood frame Craftsman style house was home to Indiana University Professor of English and Folklore Stith Thompson and his wife, Louise, in the 1930s. The battered porch posts, knee braces and three-over-one window sash are typical of this style.



23. Ellis Johnson House 501 North Park 1922

Ellis Johnson, co-owner with brother Ward Johnson of Johnson's Creamery, built this large Craftsman style bungalow with his wife, Eula. The brick and wood frame bungalow, pictured here in a 1930s photograph, is sited high above the street and surrounded by a limestone retaining wall. A low pitched roof with exposed rafters, knee braces, multi-paned upper sash and a wide front porch are all characteristic Craftsman features.



24. Hoadley House 513 North Park

This stately Tudor Revival residence was built by William This stately Tudor Revival residence was built by William Hoadley, lawyer, stone company owner, state senator and president of Valhalla Memorial Park. His wife was Lucille Hughes, daughter of University Courts' developer Louis Hughes. Hoadley built this manor-like home with locally quarried limestone using funds acquired from the 1925 sale of his stone mill to the Indiana Limestone Co. The style was inspired through Hoadley's exposure to hundreds of house plans in his estimating work at the mill.



The houses shown here are representative and are not intended to be an exhaustive list of historic resources in the district.